

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for organizing roadway network data in a memory storage device, comprising:

providing a data set indicative of a roadway network;

5 identifying proximity criteria for intersections between roads in said roadway network, wherein each of said intersections is indicative of a node;

grouping said nodes into a node block based on said proximity criteria; and

storing node records containing data indicative of said nodes, said node records being stored as a group in said node block in contiguous memory.

10 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising assigning a unique number to each said node based on geographic coordinates of said node, said grouping step being based on said unique numbers.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein said grouping step further comprising reordering said nodes into a one dimensional array of nodes based on said proximity criteria and dividing said one dimensional array of nodes into multiple node blocks.

15 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said storing step includes storing data indicative of a plurality of said nodes in an equal plurality of said node records, and storing said plurality of said node records in adjacent memory locations.

20 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said storing step stores said node block in a long-term memory as a contiguous memory section having a length configured to be loaded into a work-space memory as a single, unitary block of node records.

25 6. The method of claim 1, further comprising storing with said node block at least one of a block header and block footer comprising characteristic information describing at least one road segment feature descriptive of roadway segments leading to at least two nodes in said node block.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising storing a table associated with said node records grouped in said node block, said table containing a list of features descriptive of road segments interconnecting said nodes, at least one node record containing an index into said table identifying a feature representative of a node associated with said at least one node record.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein said proximity criteria comprises at least one of a latitude coordinate and a longitude coordinate for each of said intersections.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

10 for a first node in said data set, identifying an adjacent node and a road segment connecting said first node and said adjacent node;

identifying for said adjacent node a bearing component and a distance component representative of a direction of travel along, and length of, said road segment; and

15 storing said bearing and distance components in a node record associated with said first node.

10. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

identifying an outgoing bearing and a straight-line bearing between two nodes in said data set, said two nodes being connected by a road segment and by a straight line, said outgoing bearing representing a direction at which said road segment extends from one of said two nodes, said straight-line bearing representing a direction at which said straight line extends from said one of said two nodes.

11. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

25 identifying adjacency information for nodes directly connected to a first node and storing adjacency information for each of said nodes in a list of sub-records.

12. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

identifying a geographic center of said nodes grouped in said node block and storing said geographic center with said node block.

13. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

identifying a relative offset between a geographic location of a first node in said node block and a geographic center associated with said node block, and storing said relative offset in a node record associated with said first node.

14. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

storing a table of features descriptive of road segments interconnecting nodes grouped in said node block, and storing in each node record an offset to a location in memory at which said table is stored.

15. The method of claim 1, wherein said grouping step orders said nodes using a Hilbert space filling curve.

16. A method for calculating a navigation route between first and second geographic locations, comprising:

providing a data set comprised of node blocks of data, said data indicative of a roadway network of roads intersecting at intersection nodes, wherein said data includes proximity criteria indicative of said intersection nodes;

accessing a first node record including data indicative of a first geographic location, said first node record included in a first node block;

calculating a bearing direction from said first geographic location towards a second geographic location based on said proximity criteria included in said first node block;

accessing one of a header or footer included in said first node block, said header or footer including common feature data indicative of traffic characteristics for said roads; and

accessing a second node record included in said first node block, said second node record including data indicative of a navigation route, said navigation route contiguous from said first node record.

17. The method of claim 16, wherein said first and second node records are stored contiguously in a memory storage device.

18. The method of claim 16, wherein said proximity criteria includes at least one of a latitude coordinate and a longitude coordinate for each of said node block.

19. The method of claim 16, wherein the calculating step further comprises:

identifying at least one adjacent node from a list of adjacent nodes, said list stored in said first node record;

identifying at least one of a bearing component and a distance component for each said adjacent node; and

15 choosing a next node from said adjacent nodes based on at least one of said proximity criteria and said common feature data.

20. The method of claim 16, further comprising choosing a next node based on at least one of a bearing component and a scale factor.

21. The method of claim 16, wherein said common feature data further comprises data indicative of at least road level and speed data.

22. The method of claim 16, further comprising calculating a cost from said first geographic location to a next node, said cost based on said common feature data.

23. The method of claim 16, wherein each said node block includes up to 255 intersection nodes.

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24. The method of claim 16, wherein each said node block further comprising a group of node records based on said proximity data.

25. A data structure embodied on a computer readable medium for defining a roadway network having road segments intersecting at nodes, the data structure comprising:

node records containing data indicative of corresponding nodes in a roadway network, a first node record corresponding to a first node and containing adjacency information indicative of an estimated location of adjacent nodes directly connected to said first node, said estimated location being determined with respect to said first node.

26. The data structure of claim 25, wherein said node records further comprise a list of sub-records, each of said sub-records containing data indicative of said estimated location for a corresponding one of said adjacent nodes.

27. The data structure of claim 25, wherein said node records further comprise fields storing bearing data indicative of directions in which corresponding road segments extend from said corresponding nodes.

28. The data structure of claim 25, wherein said node records further comprise fields storing distance data indicative of distances between adjacent nodes.

29. The data structure of claim 25, wherein said node records further comprise fields storing data indicative of outgoing and straight-line bearings between two nodes, said outgoing bearing representing a direction of travel from one of said two nodes over a road segment to another of said two nodes, said straight-line bearing representing a direction of a straight line connecting said two nodes.

30. The data structure of claim 25, further comprising a table containing data indicative of features describing road segments in a roadway network, each of said node records containing a field storing an index into said table, said index identifying a corresponding one of said features describing a road segment intersecting a corresponding node.

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31. The data structure of claim 25, further comprising a node block record associated with a group of nodes that are geographically proximate one another, said node block record containing data indicative of geographic coordinates for a center of said group of nodes.

5        32. The data structure of claim 25, wherein said node records further comprising fields containing data indicative of a relative offset between geographic coordinates of each node and a predefined geographic reference point within the roadway network.

• 33. A navigation system comprising:

a first memory storing data sets indicative of roadway networks, said data sets stored in blocks of data wherein said blocks of data include geographical data indicative of nodes, said nodes being proximately located;

a second memory storing at least one said blocks of data temporarily;

a route calculation module calculating a planned route over the roadway network between source and destination locations based on the data stored in the second memory; and

a display displaying said route calculated by said route calculation module.

34. The method of claim 33, wherein said blocks of data include at least one of a block header and block footer comprising characteristic information describing at least one road segment feature descriptive of roadway segments leading to at least two nodes in said blocks of data.

35. The method of claim 33, wherein said blocks of data include a plurality of said nodes in an equal plurality of said node records, said plurality of said node records stored in adjacent memory locations.

36. The method of claim 33, wherein said blocks of data include a table associated with a plurality of node-records stored in said blocks of data, said table containing a list of features-descriptive of road segments interconnecting said nodes.

at least one node record containing an index into said table identifying a feature representative of a node associated with at least one node record.

37. The method of claim 33, wherein said blocks of data include a plurality of said nodes in an equal plurality of said node records, said node records including a distance component and at least one bearing component associated with at least one adjacent node.

5 38. The method of claim 33, wherein said blocks of data include a single latitude and a single longitude coordinate based on said geographical data indicative of said nodes.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT